Year 5

Calculation policy

Updated September 2024



Guidance for teachers

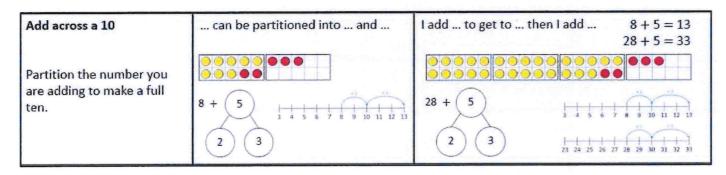


The calculation policy is divided into four sections: addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. At the start of each section, you will find an overview of the progression of skills. Calculations involving decimal numbers and fractions are included.

The calculation policy follows the same concrete, pictorial, abstract approach as our main schemes of learning. Where appropriate, sentence stems and key questions are included alongside the key representations.

Where skills are divided into more than one section across the page, there is a progression in the level of difficulty from left to right.

For example, when adding across a 10, children need to be able to add across 10 itself, before making links with related facts.



Progression of skills – Addition



Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Add 1s, 10s and 100s to a 4-digit number Add up to two 4-digit numbers Add decimal numbers in the context of money Add fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator beyond 1 whole 	 Add using mental strategies Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits Add decimals with up to 2 decimal places Complements to 1 Add fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another 	 Add integers up to 10 million Add decimals with up to 3 decimal places Order of operations Negative numbers Add fractions

Addition



Year 5	 Add numbers mentally with increasi Add decimals, including a mix of who numbers of decimal places, and compared to the compared to t	ole numbers and decimals, decimals with different
Progression of skills	Key representations	
Add using mental strategies Add 1s, 10s, 100s, etc. to any number. Use number bonds and related facts.	48,650 + 300 = 48,650 + 30,000 = 48,650 + 30 =	To add, I can add then subtract ? 6,458 99 + 100 + 99 6,458 6,557 6,558
Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits Encourage children to estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to calculations.		H T O 2 6 5 7 4 + 1 6 2 3 1 4 2 8 0 5 1 1 1 + 2 8 4 4 8 9 9 2 6

Addition



Progression of skills	Key representations		
Add decimals with up to 2 decimal places	I do/do not need to make an exchange beca I can exchange 10 for 1	ause	
		O • Tth	Hth Thth
Progress from the same number of decimal places to a different number of decimal places, and from no exchange to exchange.	Ones Tenths Hundredths 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 · 2 · 8 · 1 + 2 · 5 · 4
Complements to 1 Pairs of numbers with up to 3 decimal places which total 1 Encourage children to make	0.3 + = 1	1 (1 0.44
links with bonds to 10 and		4 + 6 = 10	0.4 + 0.6 = 1
complements to 100 and 1,000	71 0.71	44 + 56 = 100	0.44 + 0.56 = 1
1,000	100	444 + 556 = 1,000	0.444 + 0.556 = 1

Addition

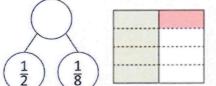


Add fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another

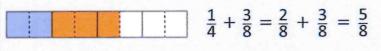
Encourage children to convert fractions to the same denominator before adding.

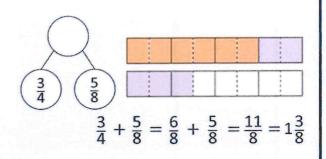
Progress from adding fractions within 1 whole to adding fractions beyond 1 whole.

The denominator has been multiplied by ..., so the numerator needs to be multiplied by... for the fractions to be equivalent.



$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$





Progression of skills - Subtraction



Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Subtract 1s, 10s, 100s and 1,000s from a 4-digit number 	 Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits 	Subtract integers up to 10 million
Subtract up to two 4-digit numbers	 Subtract using mental strategies 	Subtract decimals with up to 3 decimal places
 Subtract decimal numbers in the context of money Subtract fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator 	 Subtract decimals with up to 2 decimal places Complements to 1 Subtract fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another 	 Order of operations Negative numbers Subtract fractions

Subtraction



Year 5	 Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits. Subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. Subtract decimals, including a mix of whole numbers and decimals, decimals with different numbers of decimal places, and complements of 1 Subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number. 	
Progression of skills	Key representations	
Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits Encourage children to estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to calculations.	I can exchange 1 for 10 TTh Th H T 0 23114513 4 - 3 2 7 4 2 8 2 6 0 2 8 5 8	
Subtract using mental strategies Subtract 1s, 10s, 100s etc from any number. Use number bonds and related facts.	To subtract, I can subtract then add 48,650 - 300 = 48,650 - 30,000 = 48,650 - 30 = 48,650 - 30 = 6,458 6,459 6,558	

Subtraction



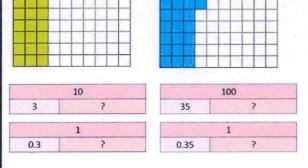
0.444

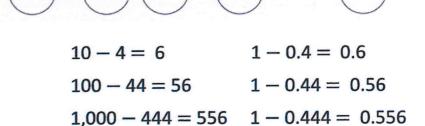
Progression of skills Key representations Subtract decimals with up to 2 decimal places Tenths Hundredths 24.4 Ones 2 . 3/ 12 3.12 00 Progress from the same 1 • 1 7 2 4 • 4 number of decimal places to 1 . 2 5 3 • 1 2 a different number of 24.4 decimal places and from no 3.12 exchange to exchange. **Complements to 1** 0.3 + |0.35 + |Encourage children to make

0.4

Encourage children to make links with bonds to 10 and complements to 100 and 1,000 when finding a missing part or subtracting

from 1





0.44

Subtraction



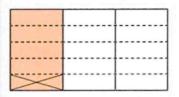
Progression of skills

Subtract fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another

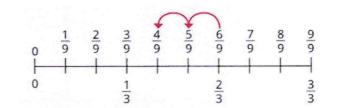
Convert fractions to the same denominator before subtracting. Progress from subtracting fractions within 1 whole to subtracting from a mixed number.

Key representations

The denominator has been multiplied by ..., so the numerator needs to be multiplied by... for the fractions to be equivalent.



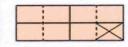
$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{15} = \frac{5}{15} - \frac{1}{15} = \frac{4}{15}$$



$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{6}{9} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$$









Progression of skills - Multiplication



 Multiply 3 numbers Factor pairs Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number Multiply by 10 and 100 Related facts Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number Multiply fractions by fraction Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Mental strategies Multiply a 2 or 3-digit number by a 1-digit number Scaling Correspondence problems Mental strategies Multiply fractions by a whole number by a whole number Multiply mixed numbers by a whole number Find the whole Calculations involving ratio 	 Times-table facts to 12 × 12 Multiply by 1 and 0 Multiply 3 numbers Factor pairs Multiply by 10 and 100 Related facts Mental strategies Multiply a 2 or 3-digit number by a 1-digit number Scaling 	 Multiples and factors Square and cube numbers Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 Mental strategies Multiply fractions by a whole number Multiply mixed numbers by a whole number 	 Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 Order of operations Multiply decimals by integers Multiply fractions by fractions Find the whole



Year 5	 Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³) Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. Multiply numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Multiply whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. 		
Progression of skills	Key representations		
Multiples and factors Encourage children to notice patterns and make links with known facts.	× = 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		Factors of 20 Factors of 12 $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Square and cube numbers	squared means \times 1 × 1 2 × 2 3 × 3 1 ² = 1 2 ² = 4 3 ² = 9	cubed means 4×4 $4^2 = 16$ $1 \times 1 \times 1$ 2×3 $1^3 = 1$ $2^3 = 1$	2 × 2 3 × 3 × 3



Progression of skills	Key representations	
Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number This builds on the short multiplication method introduced in Y4	To multiply a 4-digit number by , I multiply and the thousands by	Iltiply the ones by , the tens by , the hundreds Th H T O 1 1 1 5 2
Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number Numbers are first partitioned using an area	I can partition into and X	First, I multiply by the Then I multiply by the X 10 3 3 2 30 300 90
model then long multiplication is introduced for the first time.	$32 \times 44 = 1,200 + 80 + 120 + 8$ $32 \times 44 = 1,408$	300 + 90 + 20 + 6 = 416



Progression of skills	Key representations	
Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000	To multiply by 10/100/1,000, I move all the digits places to the left is 10/100/1,000 times the size of	
Some children may over- generalise that multiplying by a power of 10 always results in adding zeros. This will cause issues later when multiplying decimals.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Mental strategies Children continue to use efficient mental strategies such as partitioning and knowledge of factor pairs and related facts to multiply.	The most efficient strategy to calculate \times is To calculate \times 12, I can do \times \times For example: 121×12 I could calculate 100×12 plus 20×12 plus 1×12 I could calculate 121×10 plus 121×2 I could calculate $121 \times 6 \times 2$ I could calculate $121 \times 4 \times 3$	



Progression of skills	Key representations		
Multiply fractions by a whole number	To multiply a fraction by an integer, I multiply the numerator by the integer and the denominator remains the same.		
Make links with repeated addition. E.g. $\frac{1}{5} \times 4 = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{7} \times 5 = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{2}{7} \times 3 = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{2}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$		
	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		
	$\frac{1}{5} \times 6 = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{2}{5} \times 3 = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$		
Multiply mixed numbers by a whole number	I can partition $\boxed{}$ into $\boxed{}$ and $\boxed{}$ $2\frac{2}{3} \times 3$ $2 \times 3 = 6$ $\frac{2}{3} \times 3 = \frac{6}{3} = 2$		
	$2\frac{2}{3} \times 3 = 6 + 2 = 8$		



Progression of skills	Key representations	
Find the whole	If $\frac{1}{\Box}$ is, then the whole is \times	If \Box is, then $\frac{1}{\Box}$ is and the whole is \times
Children multiply to find the whole from a given part.	$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} = 6$ $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{4}{7} \text{ of } \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} = 24 \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{7} = 24 \div 4 = 6$ $7 \times 6 = 42$ $\frac{4}{7} \text{ of } 42 = 24$

Progression of skills - Division



Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Division facts to 12 × 12	Mental strategies	Short division
Divide a number by 1 and itself	 Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number 	Mental strategies Long division
Related facts	• Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000	Long divisionOrder of operations
 Divide a 2 or 3-digit number by a 1-digit number 	Fraction of an amount	• Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000
Divide by 10 and 100		Divide decimals by integers
		Decimal and fraction equivalents
		Divide a fraction by an integer
		Fraction of an amount
		Calculate percentages
		Calculations involving ratio

Division



Year 5	 Divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. Divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000 			
Progression of skills	Key representations			
Mental strategies	I can partition into and to help me to divide more easily. $436 \div 4$ $400 \div 4$ $36 \div 4$	I can show groups of on a number line.	To divide by, I can divide by and then divide the result by $436 \div 4 = 436 \div 2 \div 2$ $436 \div 2 = 218$ $218 \div 2 = 109$	
Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number	There are groups of hund I can exchange 1 for 10	H T O	1 2 2 3 r2 4 4 8 9 4	

Division



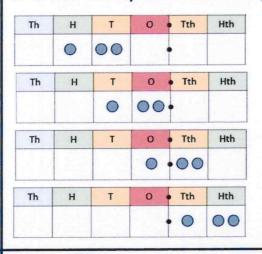
Progression of skills

Key representations

Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000

Encourage children to notice that dividing by 100 is the same as dividing by 10 twice, and that dividing by 1,000 is the same as dividing by 10 three times.

To divide by 10/100/1,000, I move all the digits ... places to the right. ... is one-tenth/one-hundredth/one-thousandth the size of ...



$$120 \div 10 = 12$$

$$120 \div 100 = 1.2$$

$$120 \div 1,000 = 0.12$$

Fraction of an amount

Bar models support children to understand that to find a fraction of an amount, we divide by the denominator and multiply by the numerator. To find of ..., I need to divide by ... and multiply by ...





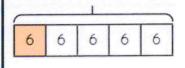
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 20 =

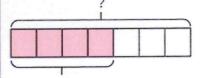


$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 84 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 84 =

If $\frac{1}{\Box}$ is ..., then the whole is ... \times ...





$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of ___ = 6

